

Battling the Superbugs: New Drugs from the Sea

Ecologically-inspired drug discovery



Dr. Kristen Whalen
Marine Chemistry & Geochemistry
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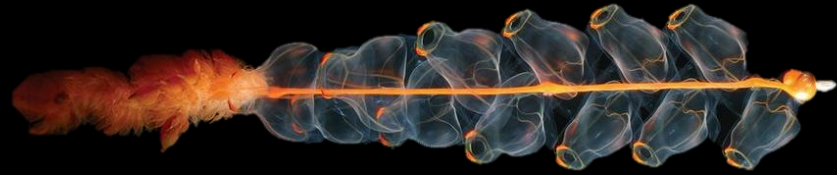
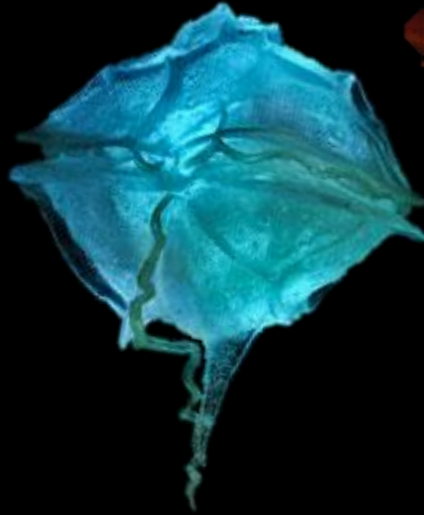


Photo credit: Thomas Vignaud, www.oceanexplorer.noaa.gov, www.postermagnet.com, www.masterfile.com, Kevin Raskoff, www.news.discovery.com

Multiple roles of marine natural products



Antibacterial
Antifungal



Settlement
cues



Deterrence



Competition



Foraging



Antifouling

75th
Anniversary

JOURNAL OF NATURAL PRODUCTS

Fungus
(*Penicillium wortmanii*)
Cancer

Tree
(*Taxus* sp.)
Cancer,
mitotic inhibitor



Bacteria
(*Streptomyces* sp.)
Anthracyclines
antibiotics

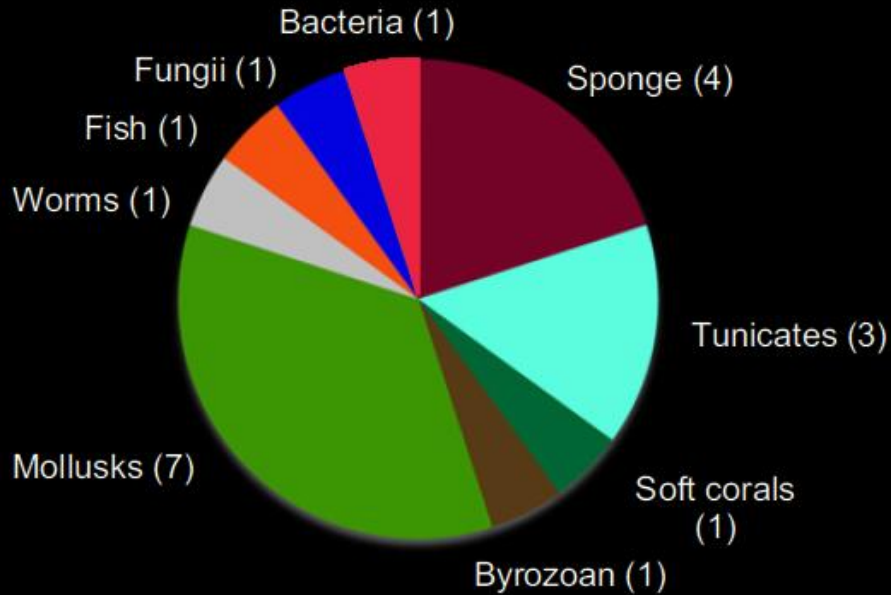
Mollusc
Jorumycin
Anti-tumor
Cancer

Partial list of the 20 MNP (derived or inspired) in use or in trials

Clinical Status	Compound name	Disease	Molecular Target	Collected
FDA approved	Cytarabine (Ara-C)	Cancer	DNA polymerase	Sponge
FDA approved	Vidarabine (Ara-A)	Antiviral	Viral DNA polymerase	Sponge
FDA approved	Eribulin Mesylate (E7389)	Cancer	Microtubules	Sponge
FDA approved	Trabectedin (ET-743)	Cancer	Minor groove of DNA	Tunicate
FDA approved	Brentuximab vedotin	Cancer	Microtubules	Mollusc
Phase II	Plinabulin (NPI 2358)	Cancer	Microtubules and JNK stress protein	Fungus
Phase II	Elisidepsin	Cancer	DNA binding	Nudibranch
Phase I	Bryostatin 1	Cancer, Alzheimer's	Protein kinase C	Bryozoan
Phase I	Pseudopterosins	Pain, wound healing	Eicosanoid metabolism	Soft Coral

Where should we focus our effort?

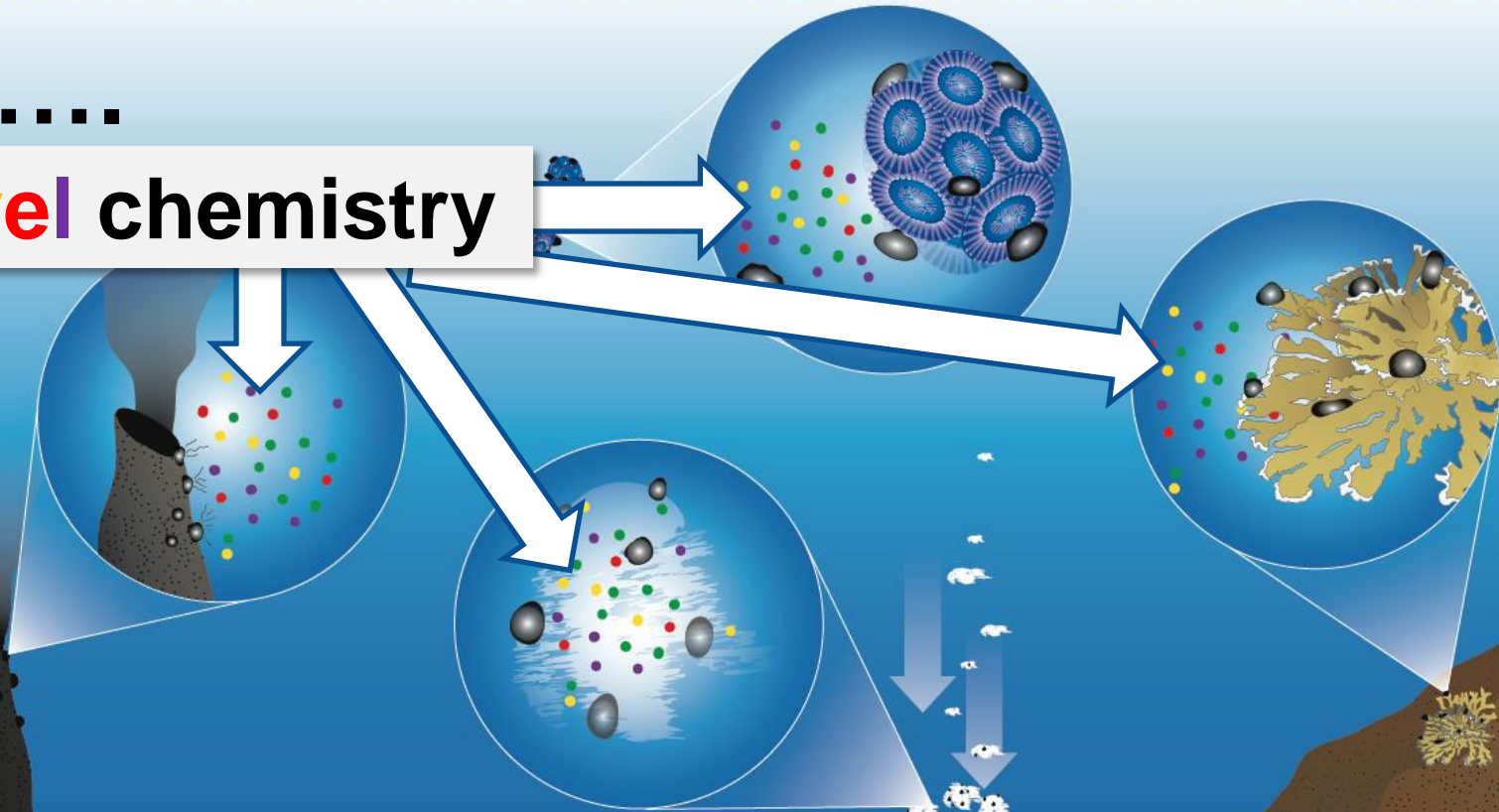
A




Collected sources

Bacteria in the ocean have evolved to....

Novel chemistry



secrete novel chemical weapons to survive

A top-down view of a grid of petri dishes containing various colored microbial cultures. A gloved hand is visible on the right side, pointing towards one of the dishes. The text is overlaid in the center of the image.

**At WHOI,
we are leveraging
the chemical diversity
produced by marine microbes
to help us develop new drugs**

The New York Times June 2, 2013

Pressure Grows to Create Drugs for ‘Superbugs’

By **BARRY MEIER**

Government officials, drug companies and medical experts, resistant “superbugs,” are pushing to speed up the approval raising safety concerns among some critics.



The Washington Post August 22, 2012

'Superbug' stalked NIH hospital last year, killing six

By *Brian Vastag*

As a deadly infection, untreatable by nearly every antibiotic, spread through the National Institutes of Health's Clinical Center last year, the staff resorted to extreme measures. They built a wall to isolate patients, gassed rooms with vaporized disinfectant and even ripped out plumbing. They eventually used rectal swabs to test every patient in the 234-bed hospital.

Infection Control

- 6th leading cause of death worldwide
- Gram-negatives limited antibiotics
- Drug-resistant gonorrhea
 - 820,000 infections/yr (U.S.)
 - Antibiotic resistance (30% cases)
 - Additional \$235 million to treat
- Carbapenem-resistant Enterobacteria (CRE)
 - 44 states (CDC)
 - Resistant to nearly all antibiotics
 - 50% mortality



In **INDIA**, over **58,000** babies died in one year as a result of infection with super-resistant bacteria usually passed on from their mothers¹

In the **EUROPEAN UNION**, antibiotic resistance causes

25,000 deaths per year and 2.5m extra hospital days²



IN THAILAND, antibiotic resistance causes

38,000+ deaths per year and 3.2m hospital days²

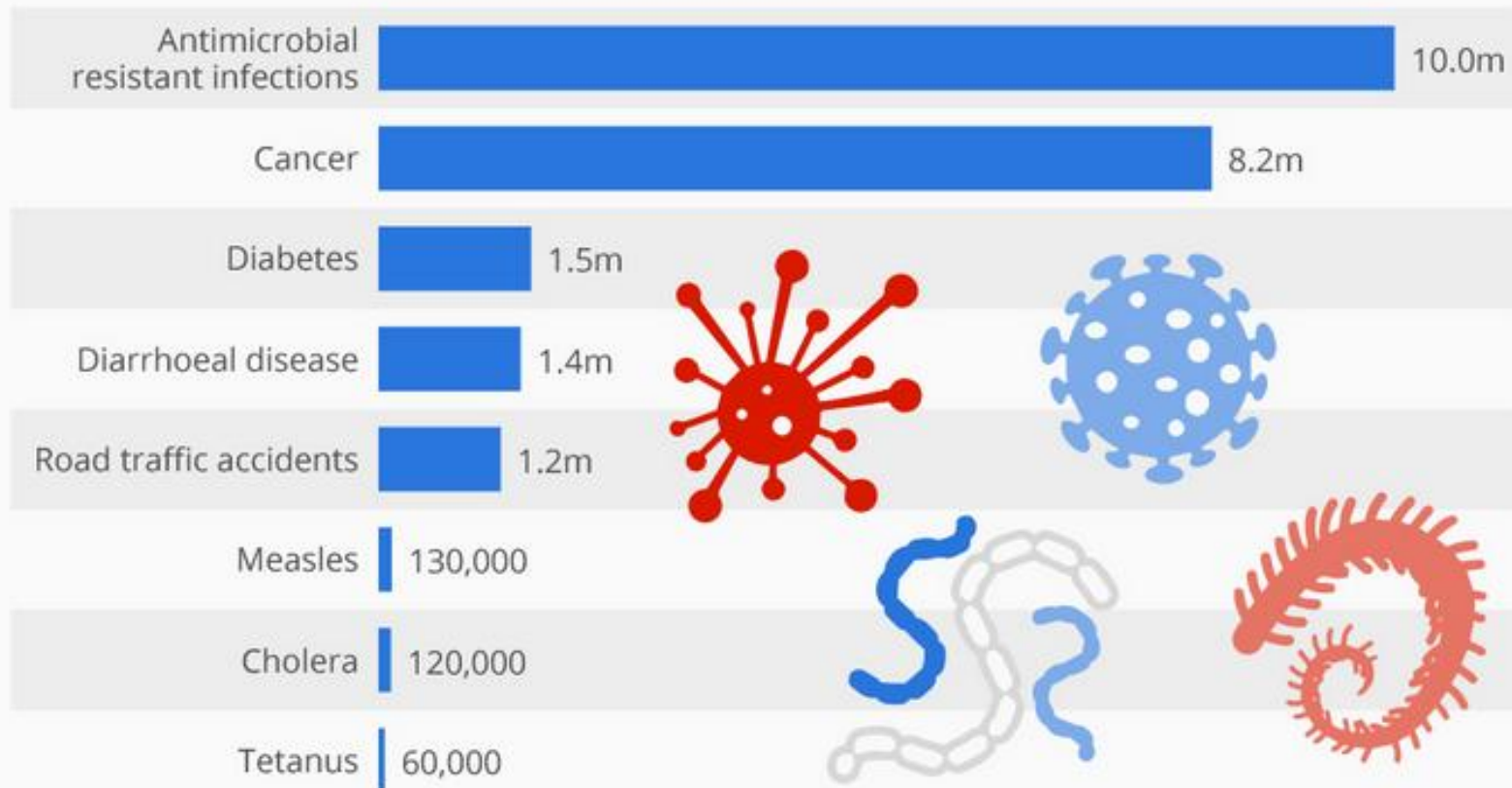
In the **UNITED STATES**, antibiotic resistance causes

23,000+ deaths per year and >2.0m illnesses²



Deaths From Drug-Resistant Infections Set To Skyrocket

Deaths from antimicrobial resistant infections and other causes in 2050



@StatistaCharts

Source: Review on Antimicrobial Resistance

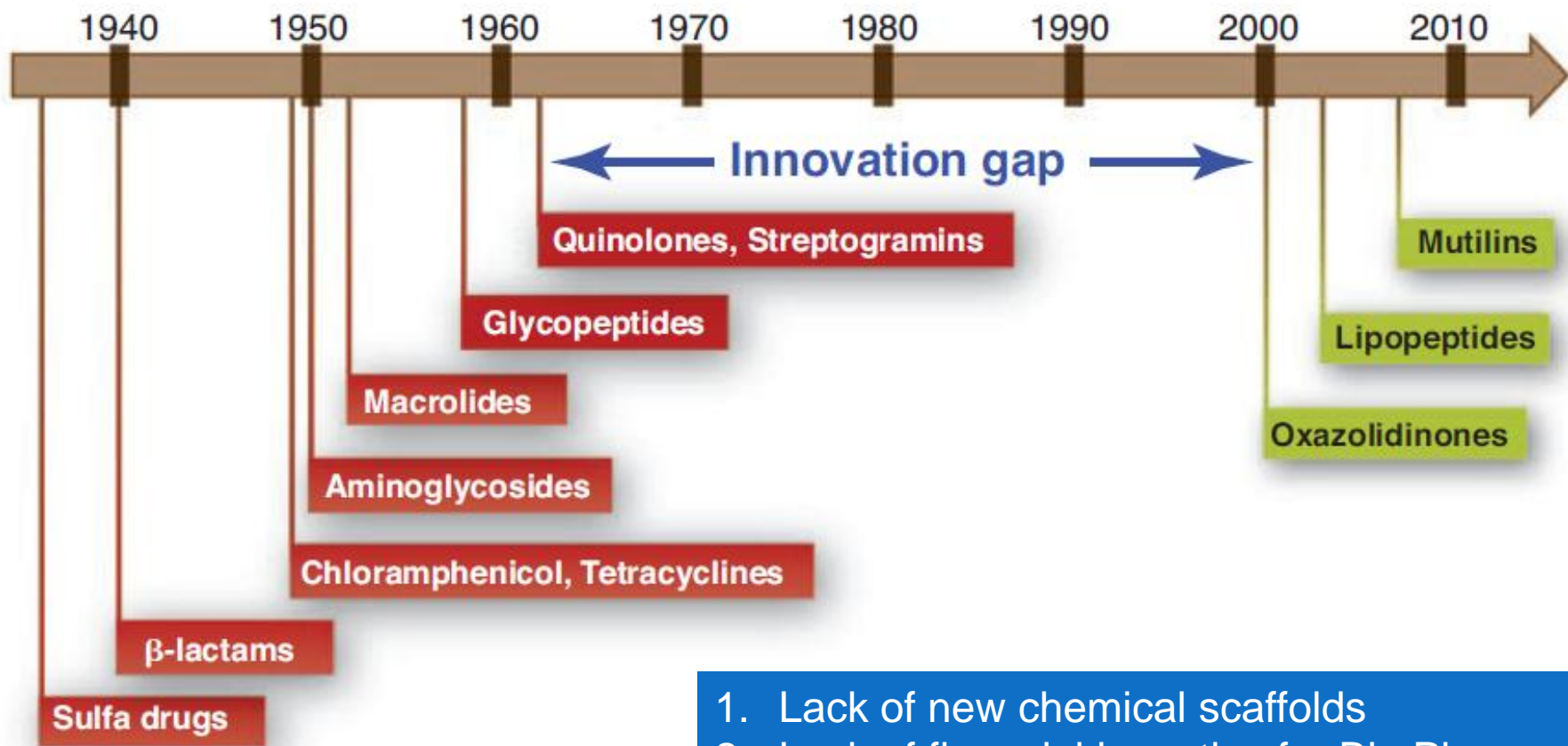


Fig. 3. Between 1962 and 2000, no major classes of antibiotics were introduced.

Our Target:

**Multidrug transporters of the
pathogen**



How Antibiotic Resistance Happens

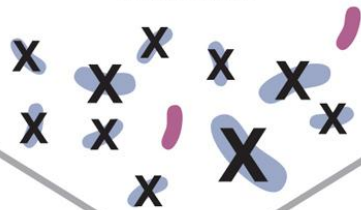
1.

Lots of germs.
A few are drug resistant.



2.

Antibiotics kill
bacteria causing the illness,
as well as good bacteria
protecting the body from
infection.



3.

The drug-resistant
bacteria are now allowed
to grow and take over.

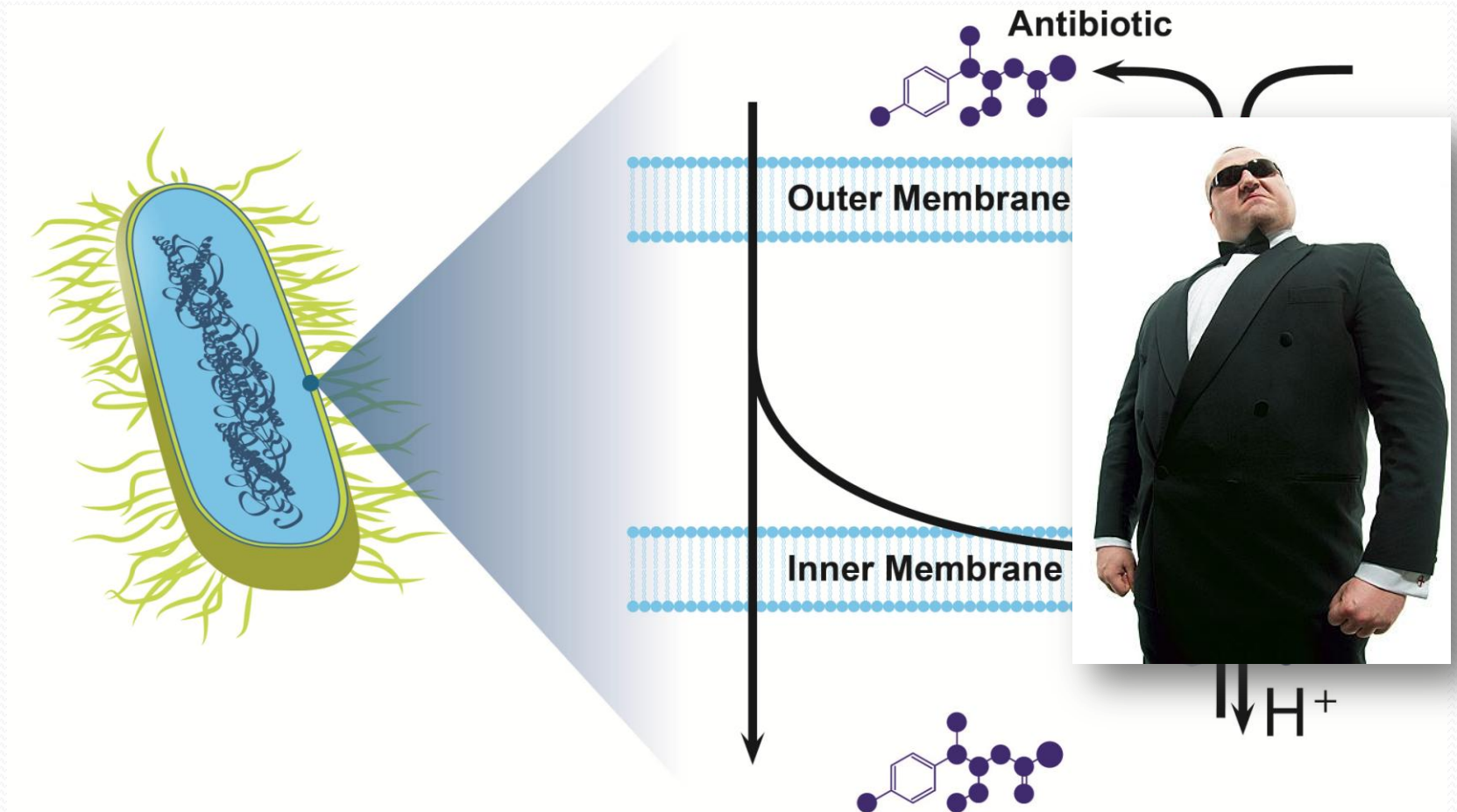


4.

Some bacteria give
their drug-resistance to
other bacteria, causing
more problems.

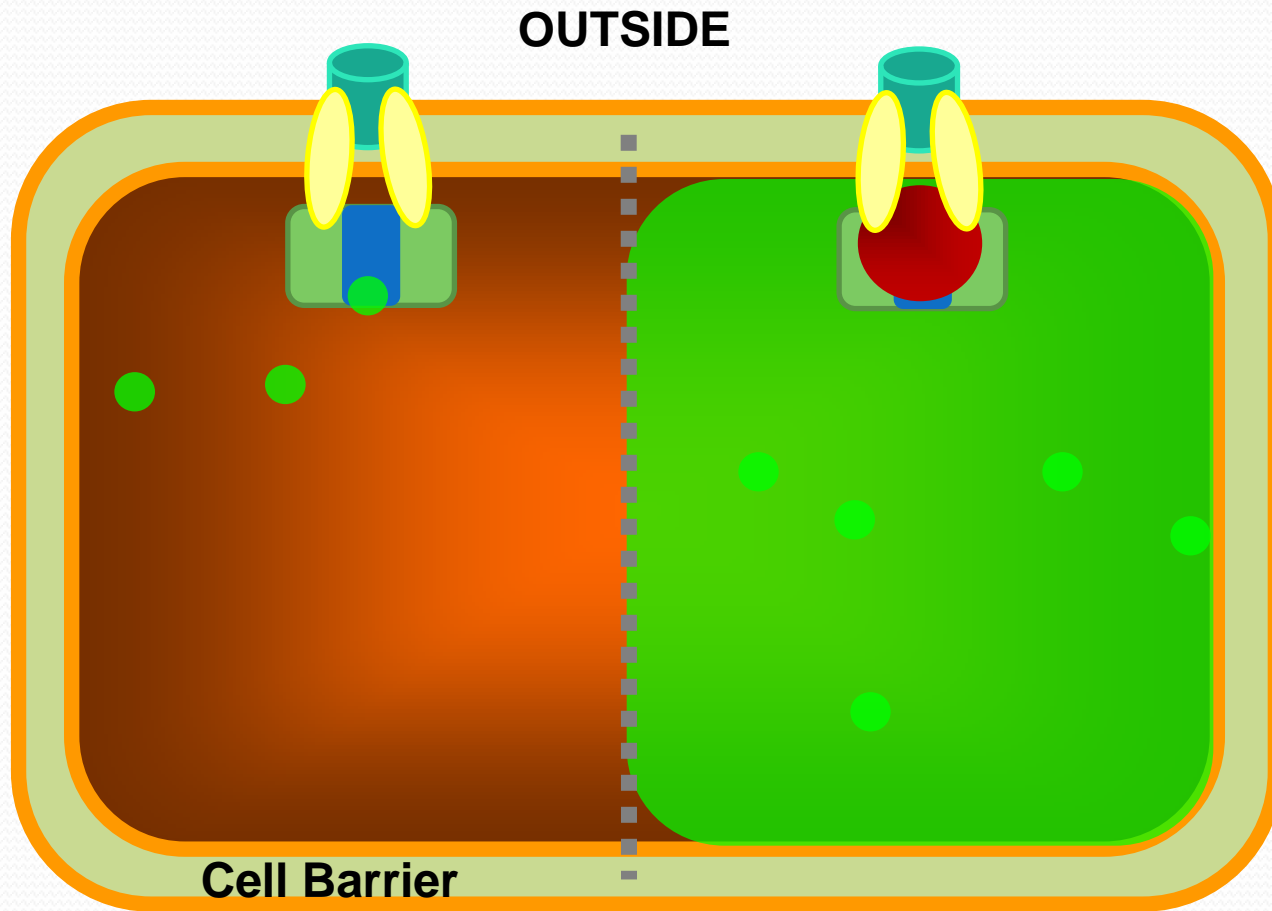


Strategy: Targeting resistance mechanisms



Re-sensitize cells to existing arsenal of antibiotics

Blocking the pump



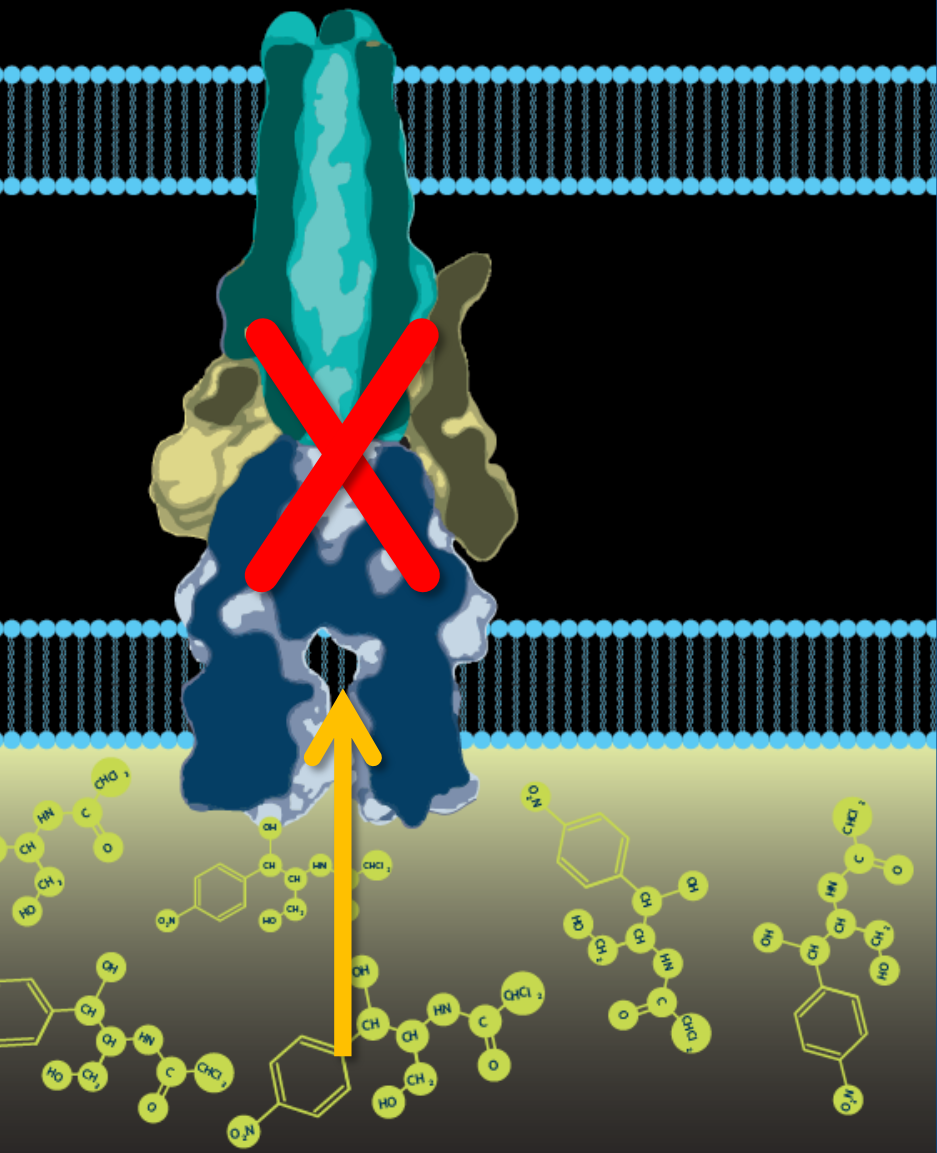
“ON”

“OFF”

● Antibiotic

● Inhibitor

“OFF”



Chemical Plug



Inhibit Assembly



Competition with antibiotic



Energy Collapse

Synergy in a medicinal plant: Antimicrobial action of berberine potentiated by 5'-methoxyhydrnocarpin, a multidrug pump inhibitor

Frank R. Stermitz*, Peter Lorenz*, Jeanne N. Tawara*, Lauren A. Zenewicz†, and Kim Lewis††

*Department of Chemistry, Colorado State University, Fort Collins, CO 80523; and †Biotechnology Center, Tufts University, Medford, MA 02155

Communicated by Arnold L. Demain, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, MA, December 13, 1999 (received for review October 6, 1999)

PNAS | February 15, 2000 | vol. 97 | no. 4 | 1433–1437

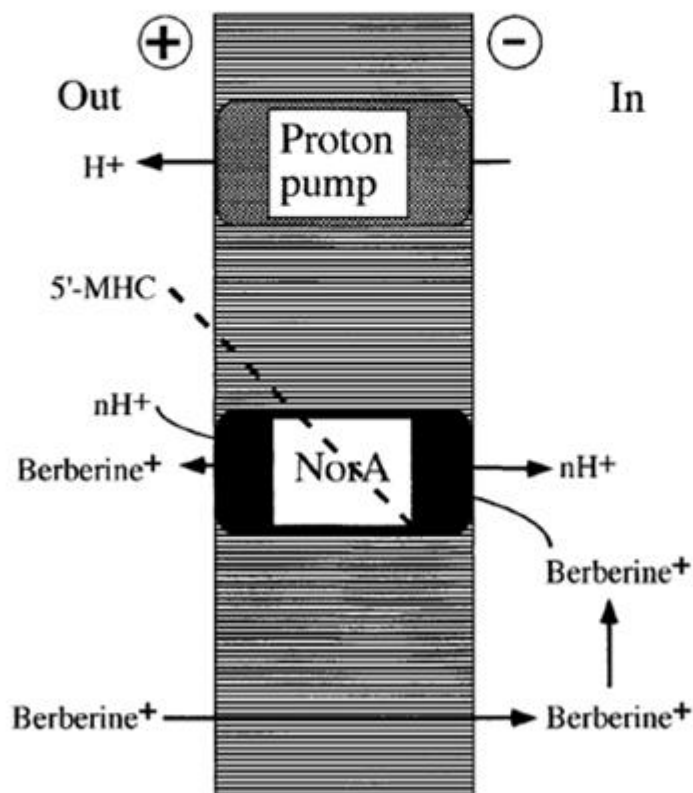


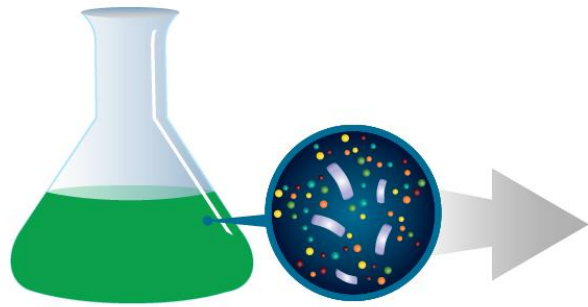
Fig. 4. A model of synergistic action of berberine and an MDR inhibitor that are both produced by *B. fremontii*. Berberine accumulates in the cell driven by the membrane potential. The NorA pump extrudes berberine. The MDR inhibitor 5'-MHC blocks the NorA pump, potentiating the antibiotic action of berberine.



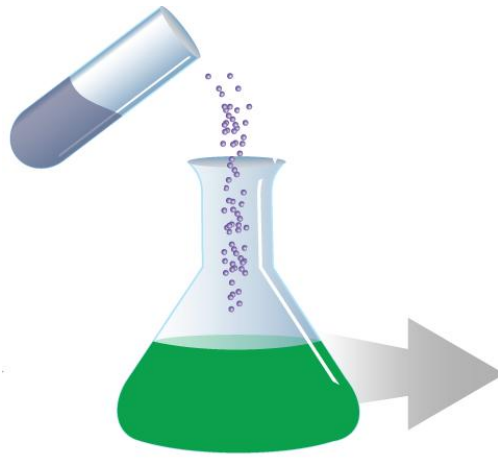
Fig. 2. Medicinal plants producing berberine and the MDR inhibitor 5'-MHC. (Top) *B. fremontii*. (Middle) *B. repens*. (Bottom) *B. aquifolia*.



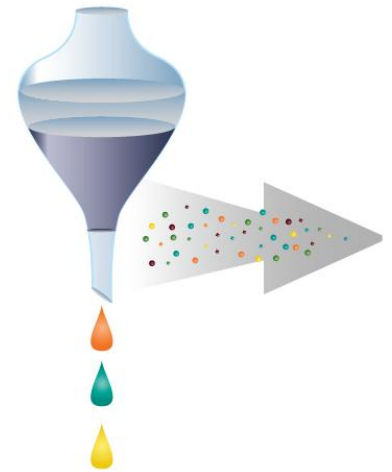
**What is the process of
chemical discovery?**



**Culture
marine microbes**



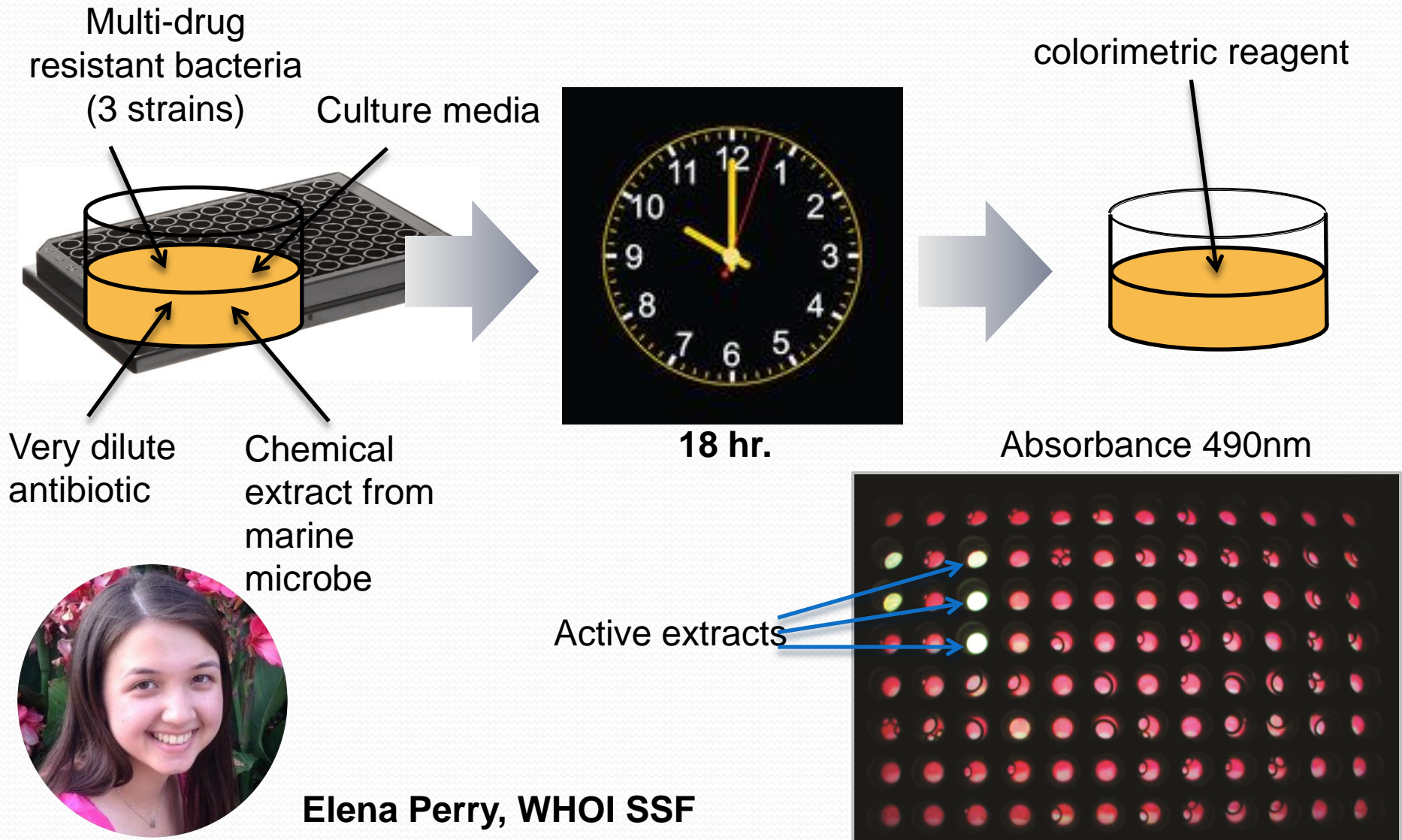
**Absorb compounds
to resin**

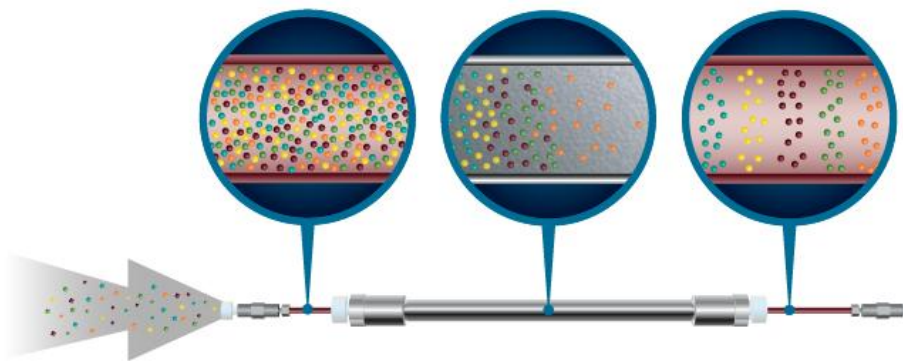


**Extract
compounds**



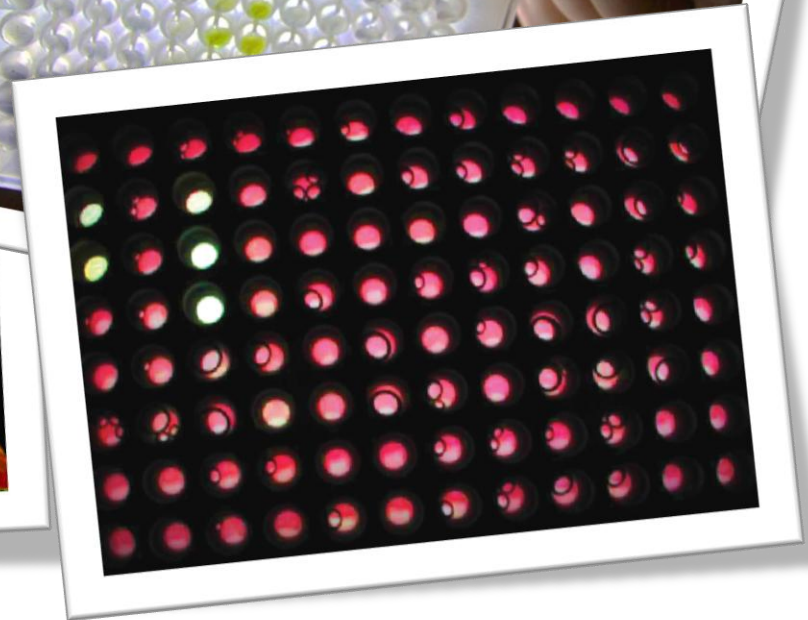
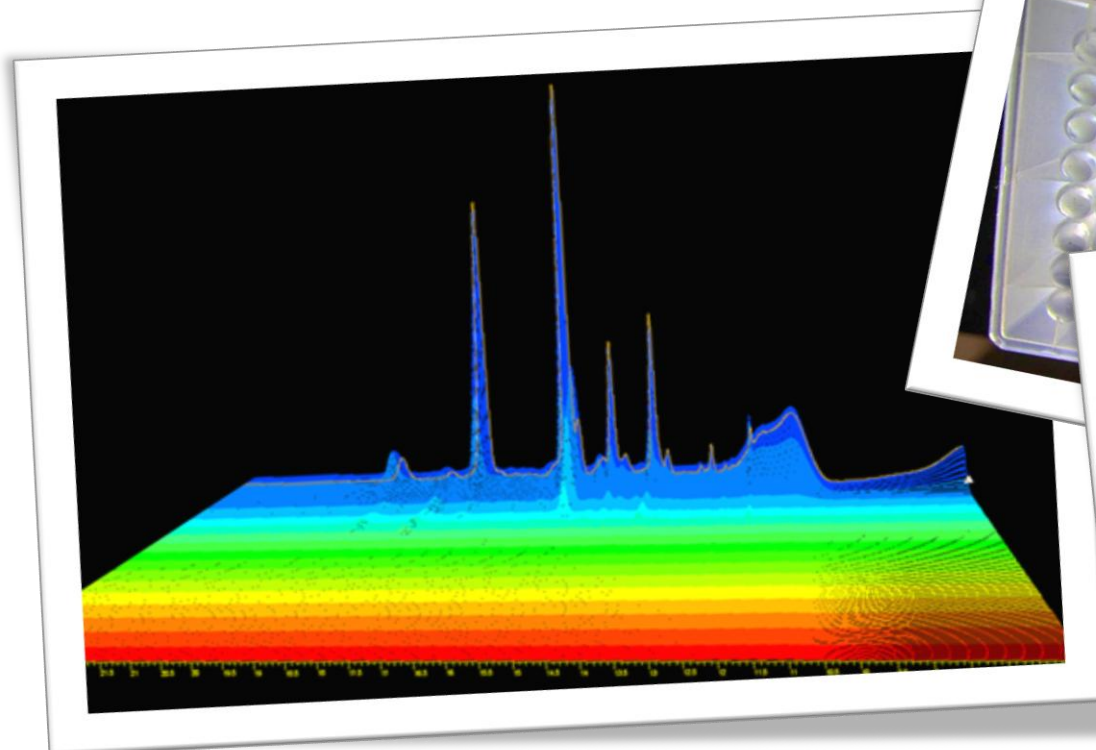
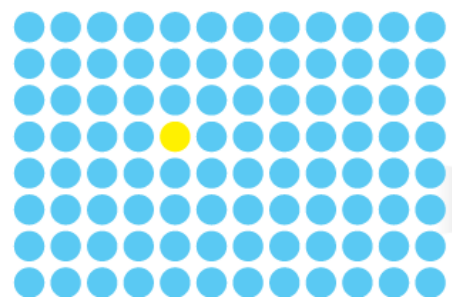
Screening for Efflux Pump Inhibitors (EPIs)



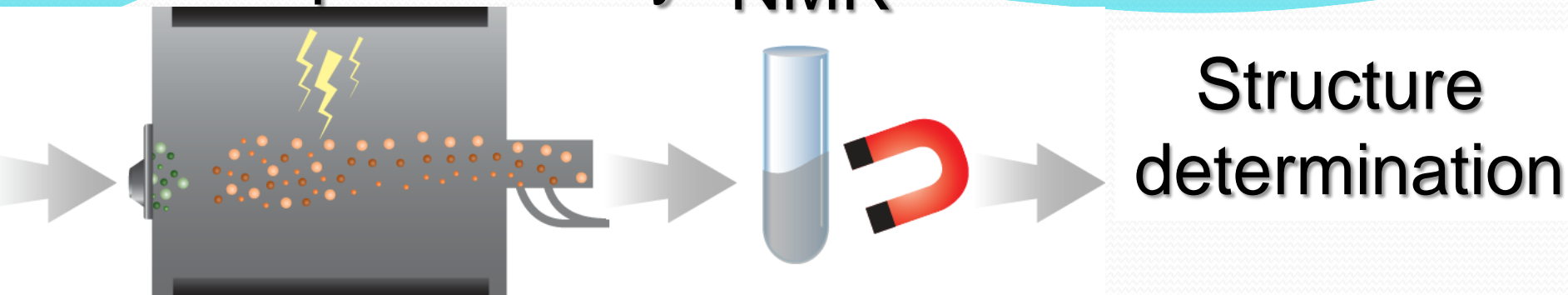


Separate compounds

then test for activity

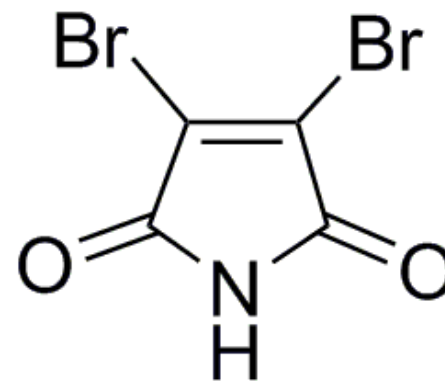


Mass Spectrometry NMR



Rob Deering
Dave Rowley

University of Rhode Island

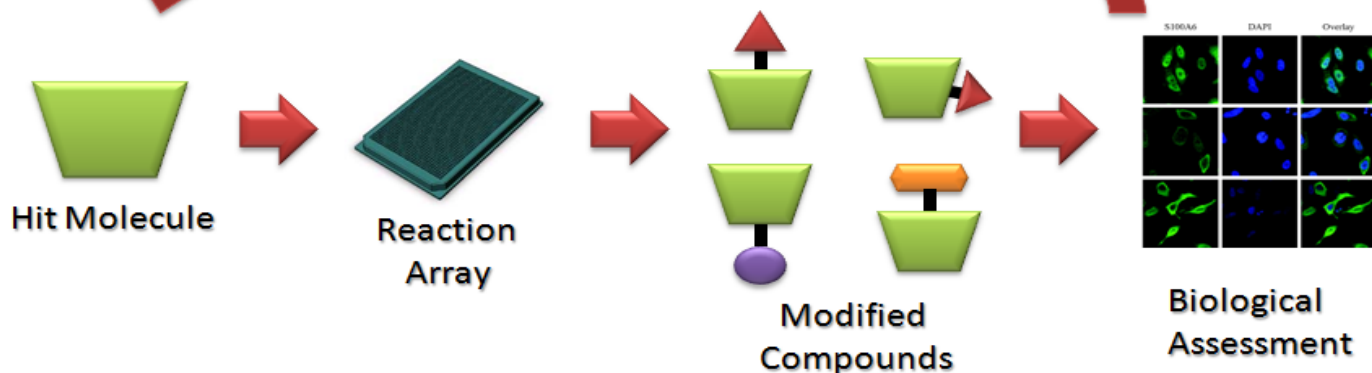


3,4-dibromopyrrole-2,5-dione
Pseudoalteromonas piscicida
Gamma Proteobacteria

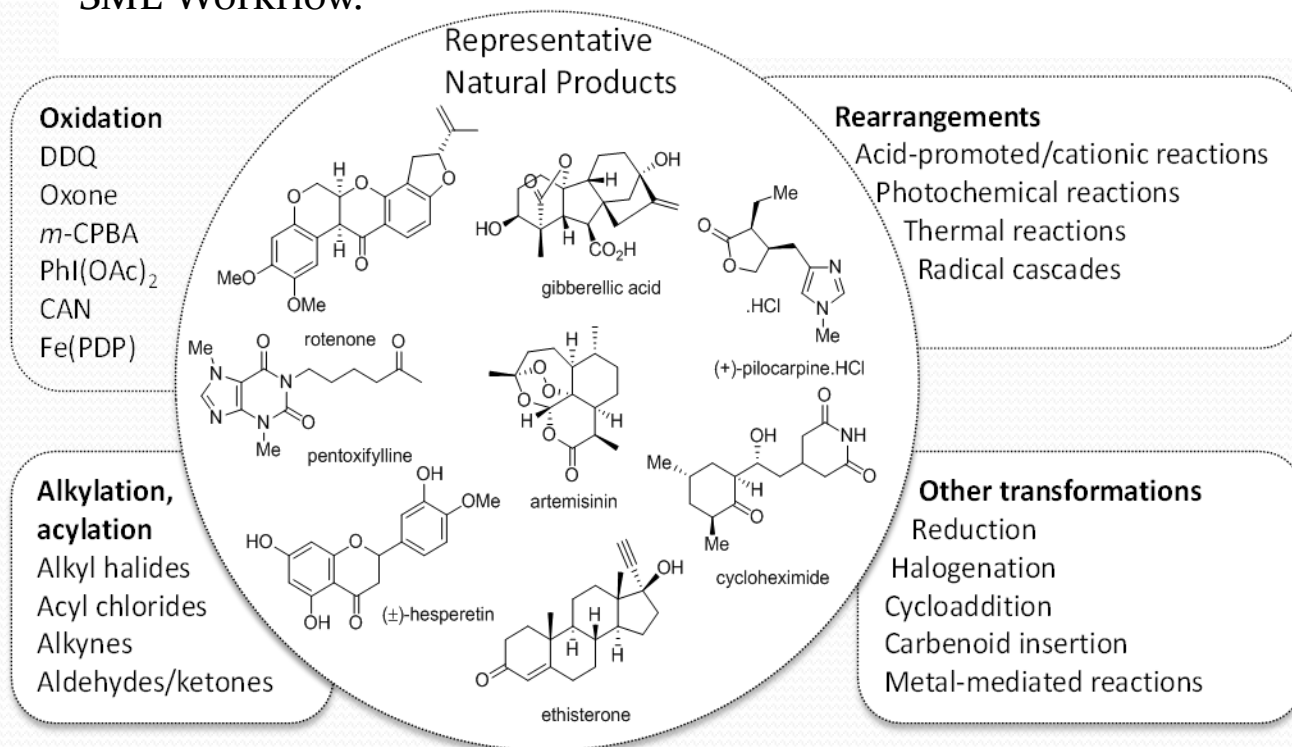
Whalen et al. 2015, *Journal of Natural Products*
El Gamal et al. 2016, *PNAS*



Aaron Beeler
Boston University



SME Workflow.



SME reaction toolbox and representative natural products that have been utilized.



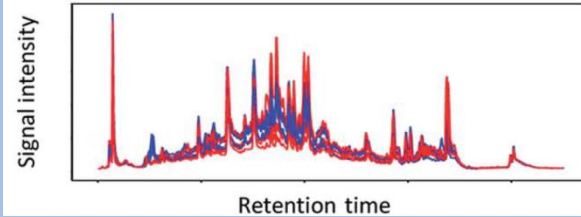
**Can we accelerate the
process of novel
compound discovery?**

Comparative metabolomics

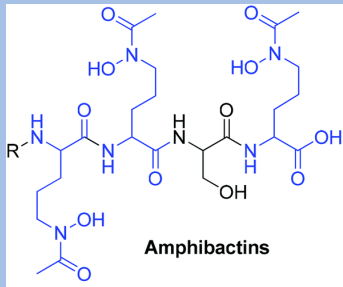
Induce stress conditions



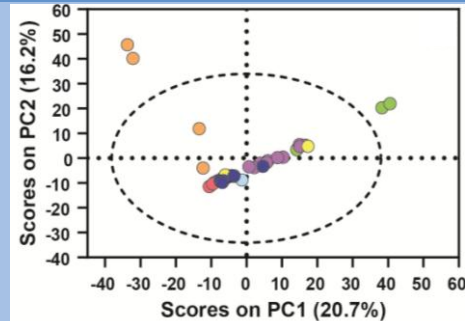
LC-MS profiling



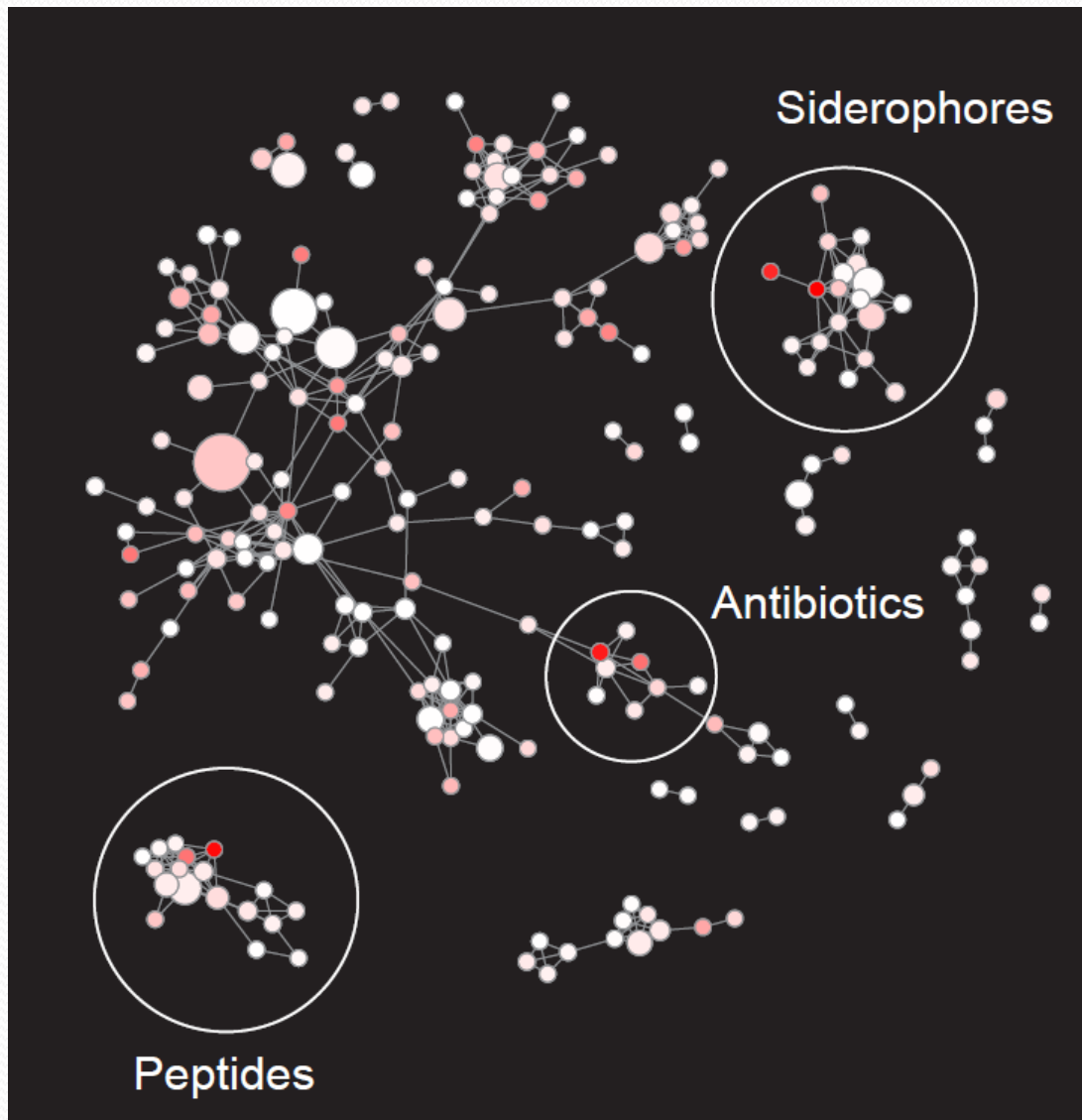
Compound identification



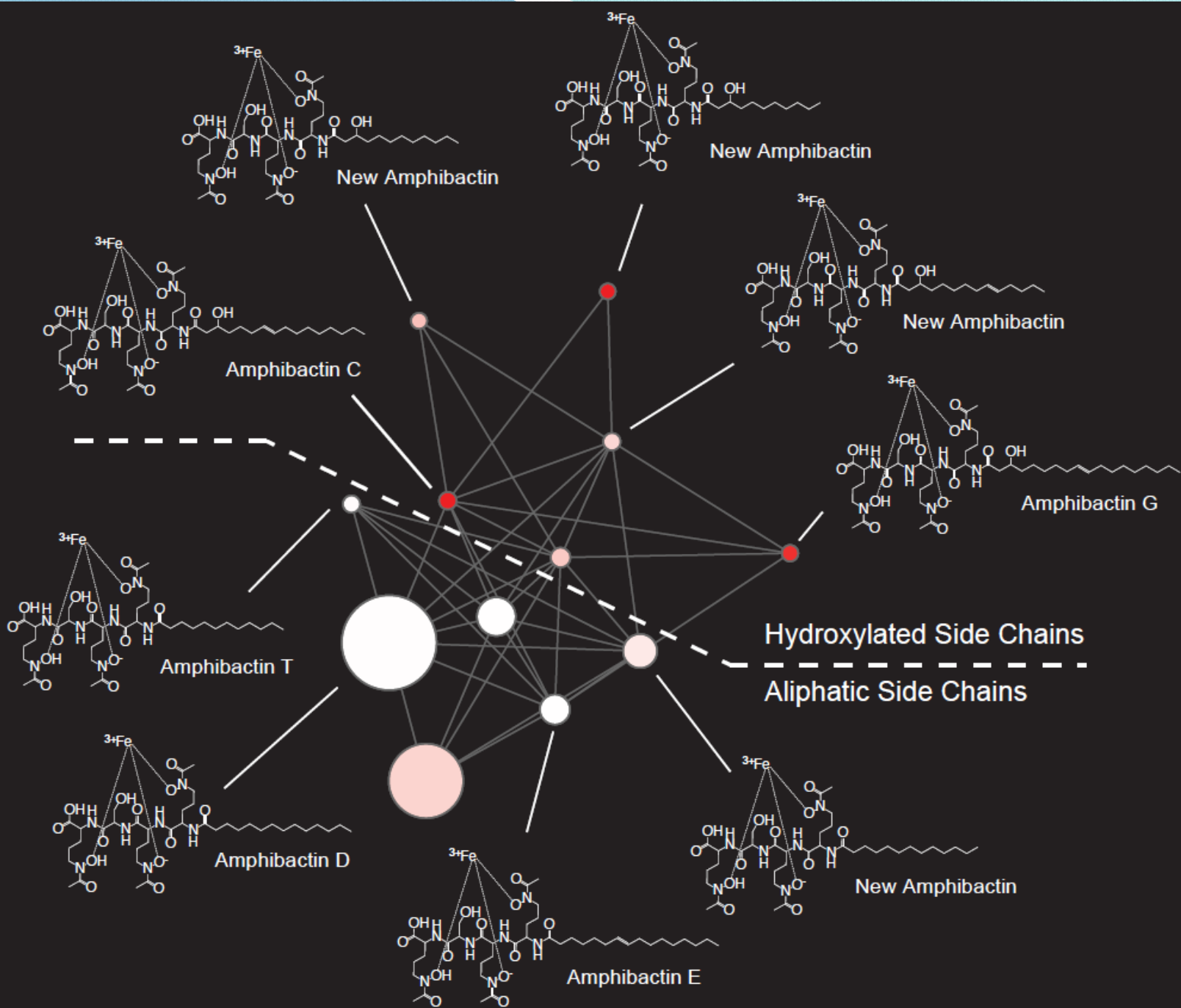
Statistical analysis



Emerging tool: MS-based molecular networking



Rene Boiteau
WHOI



Collection sites of Marine Bacteria with Drug Discovery Potential

Clayoquot Cruise

- Vancouver Island
- Sediment/Water samples

Knorr Cruise (KN207-1)

- Water samples

BATS

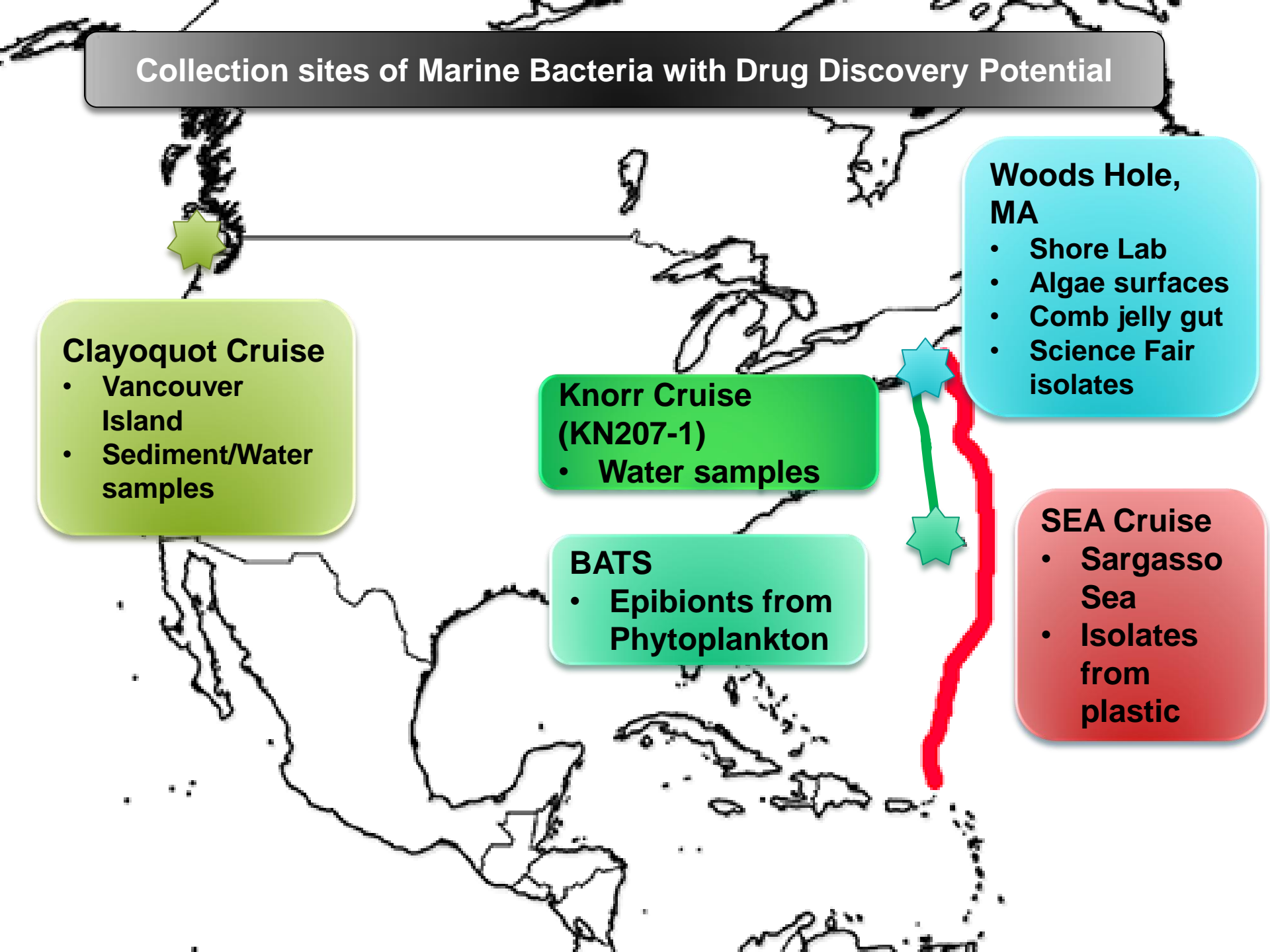
- Epibionts from Phytoplankton

Woods Hole, MA

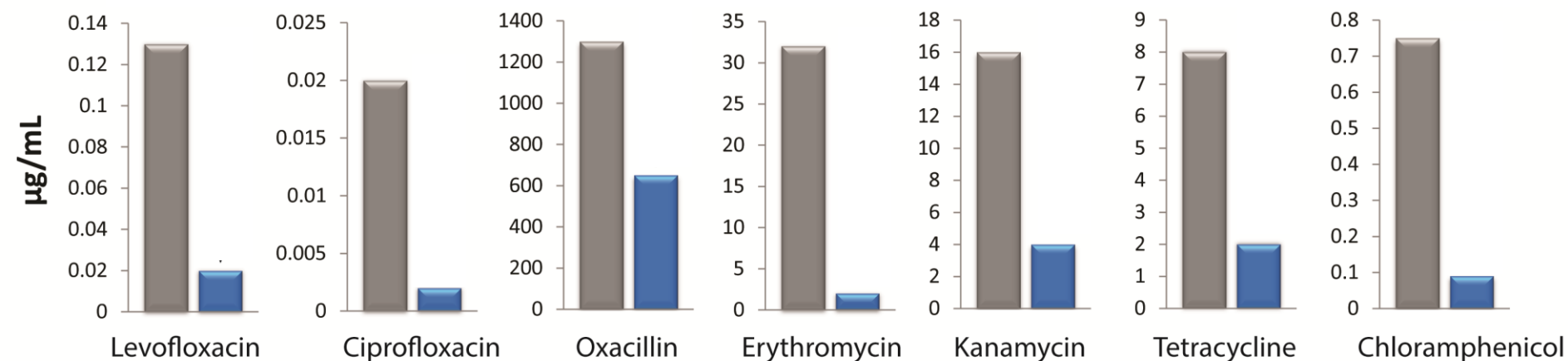
- Shore Lab
- Algae surfaces
- Comb jelly gut
- Science Fair isolates

SEA Cruise

- Sargasso Sea
- Isolates from plastic



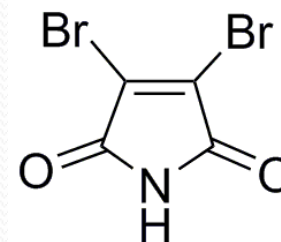
Our 1st drug candidate enhances the effectiveness across antibiotic classes



Antibiotic alone



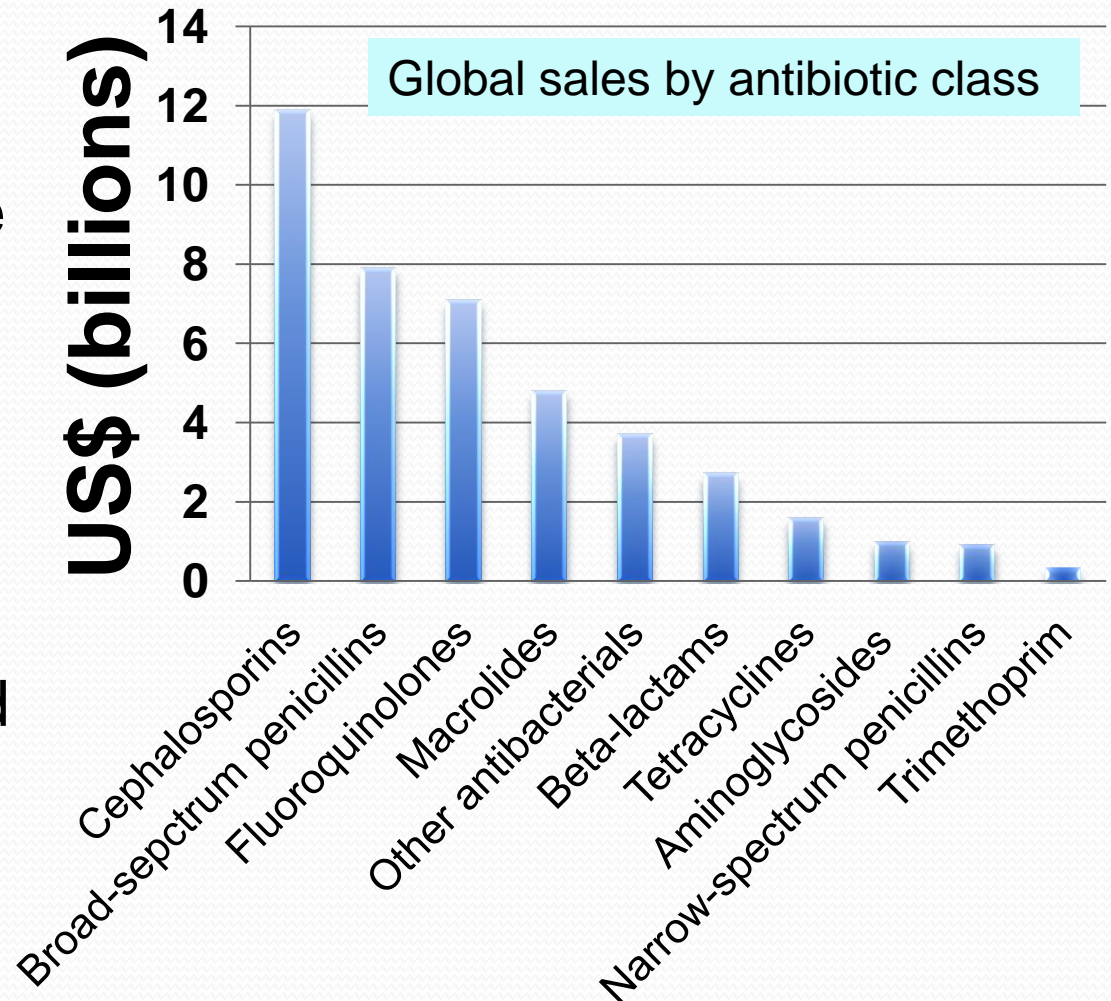
Antibiotic + Inhibitor



Dibromopyrroledione

Pump inhibitors rescue our most valuable antibiotics

- Bacteria have developed resistance to all antibiotic classes
- Restoring antibiotic potency
- Reducing spread and resistance development



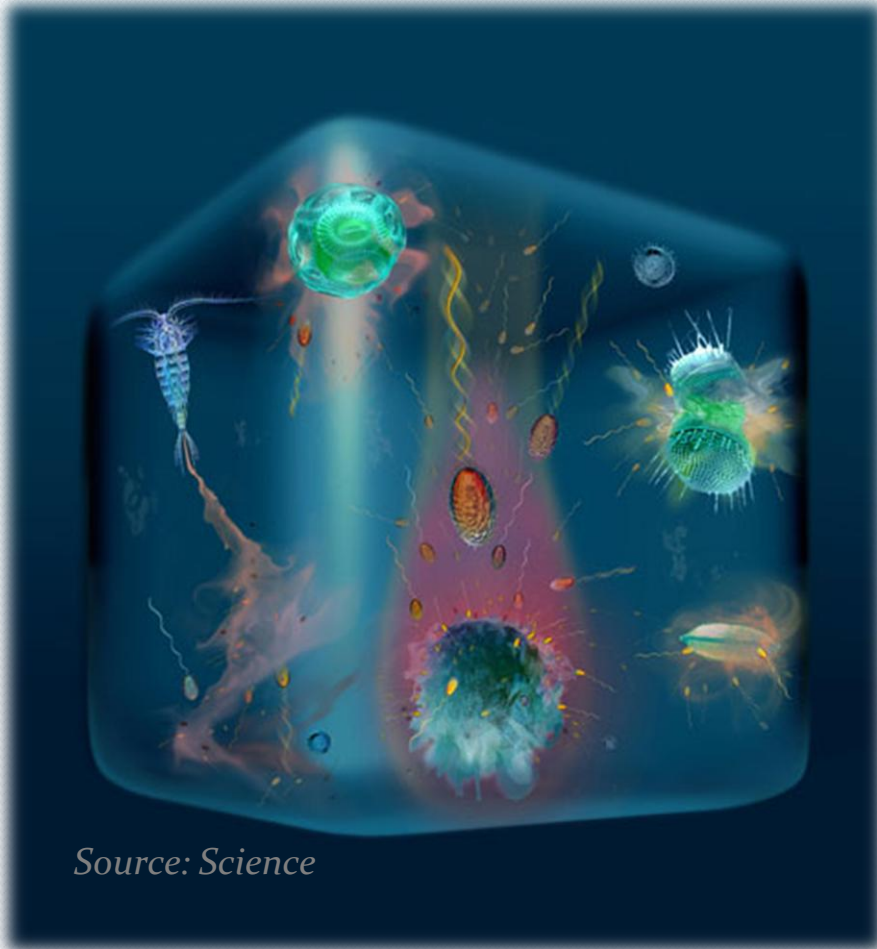
Competitive Advantage

- Robust pipeline
 - 2.8% hit rate, 36 marine isolates
 - Screening: fast, reproducible, inexpensive
- Accelerated discovery of new inhibitors
 - Marine environment = untapped chemical reservoir
 - Water soluble; stable; halogenated; easily derivatized for optimization
- Broad therapeutic applicability
 - Rescue of shelved antibiotics
 - Combination approach does not rely on developing new classes of antibiotics
 - Antibiotic safety previously determined
- IP protection of derivatives, combinations with other antibiotics & utility (Tech Transfer, WHOI)
 - 1 U.S. Patent Pending

Efflux inhibitors offer promising new avenue to treat antibiotic resistant superbugs

- Dibromo compound ready for preclinical stage
- Opportunity to rescue failing antibiotics
 - Applies to multitude of antibiotic classes
 - Reduce resistance development
 - Clinical precedent
 - Antibiotic + Resistance Blocker
 - 2 combination drugs approved by FDA in last 6 months
 - Zerbaxa™ (Cubist/Merck) revenue of >\$1 billion/yr
 - Avycaz™ (Actavis/Astra Zeneca)

Search for new therapeutics to treat multidrug resistance



Source: Science

- Teasing apart the role of MNP
- Microbial warfare b/w competitors
- Cell-cell communication
- Biofilm formation
- Mutualistic interactions between micro/macroorganisms
- Integrate aspects of ecology, cell biology, and chemistry



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